

GRADUATE MICROECONOMICS I

PROBLEM SET 9

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1. Consider the following interaction (sequential game) between a parent and a child.

The parent first has to decide whether:

- to give (G) her child a twinckie,
- or not (!G),

and then the child in turn responds in one of three possible ways:

- hold his breath until he dies (HB),
- cry for half an hour (C),
- or do nothing (N).

The parent does not want to give the child a twinckie because it is less than healthy; however, he also does not like crying and he certainly does not want the child to asphyxiate himself. The parent's utility over this possible outcomes are as follows:

- give and child holds breath: -100,
- give and child cries: -3,
- give and child does nothing: -1,
- not give and child holds breath: -100,
- not give and child cries: -2,
- not give and child does nothing: 10.

The child loves twinkies, loses energy from crying, and has no wish to kill himself. His utility levels over the possible outcomes are as follows:

- receive and hold breath: $-\infty$,
- receive and cry: 3,
- receive and do nothing: 5,
- not receive and hold breath: $-\infty$,
- not receive and cry: -1,
- not receive and do nothing: 0.

- (a) Write out the extensive form (game tree) for this.
- (b) Write out the normal form game, being careful to include every strategy on the child's part and remembering that a strategy lists the player's moves for every possible state.
- (c) Find the Nash equilibrium or equilibria.
- (d) Find the subgame perfect equilibrium for this game.
- (e) Compare the results of (c) and (d) and explain.

2. Consider the following simultaneous move-game

		Player 2		
		Left	Middle	Right
Player 1	Top	4,7	1,5	3,6
	Down	2,1	3,1	5,5

- (a) Determine all Nash equilibria of this game.
- (b) Suppose the game is played sequentially. Under version 1, player 1 starts and chooses either Top or Down, and then player 2 chooses between Left, Middle and Right; payoffs are specified in the table above. Alternatively, under version 2, player 2 starts and chooses an action from her set of alternatives (already mentioned) and then player 1 chooses between T and D. Imagine there is a social planner that only cares about the sum of the individual payoffs and has to choose between the two alternative sequential-move games. Given the equilibria in pure strategies, what is the optimal order of moves?